

Wildlife Health Victoria

Surveillance What is happening?

What are the wildlife health patterns? Changing? Previously WHSV January 2018

We investigate sick & dead wildlife from free ranging populations in Victoria to understand baseline wildlife health patterns, detect changes and factors involved, & understand wildlife reservoirs of zoonotic diseases. The health of wildlife, ecosystems, domestic animals & people are connected (One Health).

Please contact us to report sick and dead wildlife from free ranging populations of endemic mammals birds reptiles and amphibians in Victoria.

Pam Whiteley BVSc MS MANZCVS (Medicine of Australian Wildlife & Epidemiology) BTeach ACCM
0400 119 301 pamw@unimelb.edu.au

Pam is keen to talk with regional community and professional groups interested in wildlife health to discuss your observations, report findings and let you know how to be involved. Please email or phone Pam.

Sudden dead in Eastern grey kangaroos was investigated in February 2016 but no diagnosis was made. Please report any cases to us.

Please monitor drying wetlands for sick or dead frogs and water birds and contact us.

Please report dead parrots, cockatoos and lorikeets so we can investigate beak and feather disease (circovirus), *Chlamydia psittaci* bacteria etc.

We are keen to understand reptile health better. Please report sick or dead reptiles to us.



**Please report wildlife morbidity and mortality to Pam Whiteley 0400 119 301
pamw@unimelb.edu.au**

If Pam not available Dave Hobbs 0448475279 or Histopath 97312000

Dead wildlife can be transported overnight to Werribee for investigation.

**Wildlife Health Victoria: Surveillance, Faculty of Veterinary and Agricultural Sciences
The University of Melbourne. 250 Princes Highway, Werribee, 3030**

Donations into this project are tax deductible. Please contact Pam.

We gratefully acknowledge support from the MA Ingram Trust (2014-15), Youngman Trust (2013-14), the Vizard Foundation (2011-18), the Hermon Slade Foundation (2008-11) and Donors.